

Southeastern District Mainland (Alaska Peninsula Area) Salmon Management Plan, 2008

by

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April 2008

Alaska Department of Fish and Game

Divisions of Sport Fish and Commercial Fisheries



Symbols and Abbreviations

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| Weights and measures (metric) | | General | | Measures (fisheries) | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| centimeter | cm | Alaska Administrative | | fork length | FL |
| deciliter | dL | Code | AAC | mid-eye-to-fork | MEF |
| gram | g | all commonly accepted | | mid-eye-to-tail-fork | METF |
| hectare | ha | abbreviations | e.g., Mr., Mrs., AM, PM, etc. | standard length | SL |
| kilogram | kg | | | total length | TL |
| kilometer | km | all commonly accepted | | | |
| liter | L | professional titles | e.g., Dr., Ph.D., R.N., etc. | Mathematics, statistics | |
| meter | m | | | <i>all standard mathematical</i> | |
| milliliter | mL | at | @ | <i>signs, symbols and</i> | |
| millimeter | mm | compass directions: | | <i>abbreviations</i> | |
| | | east | E | alternate hypothesis | H _A |
| | | north | N | base of natural logarithm | <i>e</i> |
| | | south | S | catch per unit effort | CPUE |
| | | west | W | coefficient of variation | CV |
| | | copyright | © | common test statistics | (F, t, χ^2 , etc.) |
| | | corporate suffixes: | | confidence interval | CI |
| | | Company | Co. | correlation coefficient | |
| | | Corporation | Corp. | (multiple) | R |
| | | Incorporated | Inc. | correlation coefficient | |
| | | Limited | Ltd. | (simple) | r |
| | | District of Columbia | D.C. | covariance | cov |
| | | et alii (and others) | et al. | degree (angular) | ° |
| | | et cetera (and so forth) | etc. | degrees of freedom | df |
| | | exempli gratia | | expected value | <i>E</i> |
| | | (for example) | e.g. | greater than | > |
| | | Federal Information | | greater than or equal to | ≥ |
| | | Code | FIC | harvest per unit effort | HPUE |
| | | id est (that is) | i.e. | less than | < |
| | | latitude or longitude | lat. or long. | less than or equal to | ≤ |
| | | monetary symbols | | logarithm (natural) | ln |
| | | (U.S.) | \$, ¢ | logarithm (base 10) | log |
| | | months (tables and | | logarithm (specify base) | log ₂ , etc. |
| | | figures): first three | | minute (angular) | ' |
| | | letters | Jan,...,Dec | not significant | NS |
| | | registered trademark | ® | null hypothesis | H ₀ |
| | | trademark | ™ | percent | % |
| | | United States | | probability | P |
| | | (adjective) | U.S. | probability of a type I error | |
| | | United States of | | (rejection of the null | |
| | | America (noun) | USA | hypothesis when true) | α |
| | | U.S.C. | United States | probability of a type II error | |
| | | | Code | (acceptance of the null | |
| | | U.S. state | use two-letter | hypothesis when false) | β |
| | | | abbreviations | second (angular) | " |
| | | | (e.g., AK, WA) | standard deviation | SD |
| | | | | standard error | SE |
| | | | | variance | |
| | | | | population | Var |
| | | | | sample | var |
| Weights and measures (English) | | | | | |
| cubic feet per second | ft ³ /s | | | | |
| foot | ft | | | | |
| gallon | gal | | | | |
| inch | in | | | | |
| mile | mi | | | | |
| nautical mile | nmi | | | | |
| ounce | oz | | | | |
| pound | lb | | | | |
| quart | qt | | | | |
| yard | yd | | | | |
| Time and temperature | | | | | |
| day | d | | | | |
| degrees Celsius | °C | | | | |
| degrees Fahrenheit | °F | | | | |
| degrees kelvin | K | | | | |
| hour | h | | | | |
| minute | min | | | | |
| second | s | | | | |
| Physics and chemistry | | | | | |
| all atomic symbols | | | | | |
| alternating current | AC | | | | |
| ampere | A | | | | |
| calorie | cal | | | | |
| direct current | DC | | | | |
| hertz | Hz | | | | |
| horsepower | hp | | | | |
| hydrogen ion activity | pH | | | | |
| (negative log of) | | | | | |
| parts per million | ppm | | | | |
| parts per thousand | ppt, | | | | |
| | ‰ | | | | |
| volts | V | | | | |
| watts | W | | | | |

FISHERY MANAGEMENT REPORT NO. 08-21

**SOUTHEASTERN DISTRICT MAINLAND (ALASKA PENINSULA AREA)
SALMON MANAGEMENT PLAN, 2008**

by

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ABSTRACT

The Southeastern District Mainland (SEDM) commercial salmon fishery takes place on the south side of the Alaska Peninsula in Stepovak, Balboa, and Beaver bays. From June 1 through July 25, the SEDM depends primarily on the strength of Chignik River sockeye salmon *Oncorhynchus nerka* stocks. From July 26 through the end of the season, the SEDM is managed based on local sockeye, pink *O. gorbuscha*, chum *O. keta*, and coho salmon *O. kisutch* stocks. This document describes how the fishery will be managed, industry requirements to participate in the fishery, and how to contact and relay information to the Alaska Department of Fish and Game. Historical harvests for the SEDM fishery are presented as well as the 2008 season harvest projections. This document is intended as a guide for commercial salmon harvesters, buyers, transporters, and tenders. Information regarding commercial salmon openings should be obtained from the department prior to fishing.

Key words: Southeastern District Mainland, commercial salmon fishery, management plan, Alaska Peninsula Area, sockeye salmon, *Oncorhynchus nerka*, chum salmon, *Oncorhynchus keta*, pink salmon, *Oncorhynchus gorbuscha*, SEDM, Area M

INTRODUCTION

This document provides commercial harvesters and processors a description of how the Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G) will manage the Southeastern District Mainland (SEDM) commercial salmon fishery. This document also outlines the requirements for industry to participate in the fishery, and how to contact and relay information to the department. Historic harvests for the SEDM fishery are presented as well as the 2008 season harvest projections.

DESCRIPTION OF FISHERY

The SEDM fishery takes place on the south side of the Alaska Peninsula in the Alaska Peninsula and Aleutian Islands Management Areas (Area M; Figure 1). The SEDM is bordered by the Chignik Management Area (CMA; Area L; Figure 1) to the east and the South Central District of the Alaska Peninsula Management Area (Area M) to the west (Figure 1). Included in this fishery are the Beaver Bay, Balboa Bay, Southwest Stepovak, Northwest Stepovak, East Stepovak, and Stepovak Flats sections (Figure 2). The SEDM fishery is conducted according to a management plan originally established by the Alaska Board of Fisheries (BOF) in 1985, which was updated in 1991 and 1998, 2001, 2004, and most recently in February 2007 (Appendix A1; 5 AAC 09.360). From June 1 through July 25, excluding the Northwest Stepovak Section (NWSS) beginning July 1, the fishery is allocated 7.6% of the total CMA sockeye salmon *Oncorhynchus nerka* harvest through July 25. After July 25, the SEDM is managed based on the abundance of local sockeye, pink *O. gorbuscha*, and chum *O. keta*, and coho salmon *O. kisutch* stocks. All terminal harvest areas within the SEDM will be managed from July 22 through July 31 as specified under the South Peninsula Post-June Management Plan (5 AAC 09.366).

The global positioning system (GPS) will be used to determine latitude and longitude coordinates throughout all salmon fisheries in Area M (5 AAC 09.206).

LEGAL GEAR TYPES

In March 2005, the BOF adopted a regulation stating that when Orzinski Lake sockeye salmon interim escapement objectives are exceeded the department may allow commercial fishing by seine gear as early as July 1 in Orzinski Bay west of 160° 04.25' W. long (5 AAC 09.360 (k)). In the remaining SEDM waters, set gillnet gear is the only legal gear type allowed June 1 through July 10. Beginning July 11, set gillnet, purse seine, and hand purse seine gear are allowed throughout the SEDM (5 AAC 09.360 (a)).

FISHING PERIODS

The SEDM fishery is managed independently of other fisheries occurring in the Area M, through July 25, at which time the area is managed under the South Peninsula Post-June Management Plan (5 AAC 9.366; Russ *In prep*). ADF&G will attempt to have fishing periods in the NWSS and Stepovak Flats Section concurrent with fishing periods in the remainder of the SEDM area to avoid concentrating fishing gear. During July 1-25, the fishing schedule for the NWSS, excluding Orzinski Bay, will not exceed four days during a seven-day period, with a maximum of two consecutive fishing days. For the purposes of this fishing schedule, a “day” is considered one 24-hour period. However, if the cumulative sockeye salmon escapement through Orzinski Lake weir exceeds 25,000 sockeye salmon, the NWSS and Orzinski Bay can be opened concurrently to set gillnet and purse seine gear. In this situation, set gillnet gear may be permitted to fish continuously in the NWSS and Orzinski Bay. However, seine gear will be restricted to four days per week with no more than two days continuous fishing.

All fishing periods will be established by emergency order. A minimum of 24 hours of advanced notice will be given prior to the first commercial fishing period of the season. At least 12 hours of advanced notice will be given prior to opening of any additional fishing periods, unless the announcement extends a current fishing period.

HARVEST REPORTING

Buyers must report daily to the ADF&G office in Sand Point (5 AAC 39.130(a)(3)). Salmon harvest reports, including number and pounds of fish by species and number of deliveries by gear type, and statistical area must be received by 9:00 AM on the day following the landings; earlier reports are appreciated. Buyers may phone, e-mail, or fax their reports to the ADF&G Sand Point office (phone: 383-2066, fax: 383-2606, e-mail: james.jackson@alaska.gov). Contact may also be made over VHF radio channels 6 or 73, or on SSB radio frequency 3.320 MHz.

Fish tickets must be received in the ADF&G Sand Point office (address below) within seven days of the purchase date, unless other arrangements have been made with the ADF&G. Mail fish tickets to: ADF&G, P.O. Box 129, Sand Point, Ak 99661.

INSEASON ANNOUNCEMENTS

Inseason announcements will be broadcast on radio station KSDP AM 830 KHz in Sand Point and rebroadcast over K201DA FM 88.1 MHz in King Cove, marine VHF channels 6 and 73 daily at 9:30 AM and 5:30 PM. Recorded information may also be obtained by calling the ADF&G recorder phones in Sand Point at (907) 383-2334 (383-ADFG).

During the 2008 season, the public is reminded that catch, escapement, and announcements will be available at the Commercial Fisheries website: www.cf.adfg.state.ak.us/region4/rgn4home.php

2008 MANAGEMENT PLAN

Under the current SEDM Management Plan (5 AAC 09.360; Appendix A):

1. The percentage of Chignik-bound sockeye salmon allocated to the SEDM fishery is 7.6% of the total number of sockeye salmon harvested in the CMA through July 25.
2. Prior to July 1, 80% of the sockeye salmon caught in the SEDM are considered to be Chignik-bound salmon.

3. Beginning July 1, sockeye salmon caught in the NWSS will be considered 100% local fish and not counted toward the Chignik allocation (Figures 2 and 3). Fishing time in the NWSS, excluding Orzinski Bay, after June 30 may not be more than four 24-hour periods with no more than 48 hours continuous fishing during a seven-day period. Fishing time in Orzinski Bay, after June 30, will be based on sockeye salmon escapement into Orzinski Lake.
4. If the Orzinski Lake escapement meets or exceeds 25,000 sockeye salmon, the NWSS and Orzinski Bay may be opened concurrently as follows:
 - (A) set gillnet gear may be operated continuously until MIDNIGHT July 25, and
 - (B) purse seine and hand purse seine gear will operate as noted in section 3.
5. The Stepovak Flats Section will be managed for chum salmon returning to Stepovak Flats streams for the entire season. However, 80% of the sockeye salmon caught in this section through July 25 will be considered Chignik-bound fish (Figure 2).
6. The BOF established a closed waters area encompassing Kupreanof Point (Figure 4; 5 AAC 09.350 (37)) from July 6 through August 31. ADF&G may extend the Kupreanof Point closed waters area through the end of the season by emergency order. The Kupreanof Point closed waters extension will remain in effect until ADF&G determines that:
 - (A) the coho salmon subsistence needs of the residents of Perryville have been satisfied, and
 - (B) the Western and Perryville districts of the CMA may open to commercial salmon fishing after August 31. In the recent past, these districts have remained closed after August 20 (Stichert *In prep*).
7. From July 26 through September 30, the fishery is managed for local sockeye, pink, chum, and coho salmon stocks (5 AAC 09.366).
8. From July 26 through September 30, the fishery will be closed for at least one 36-hour period within a seven-day period (5 AAC 09.366).
9. Terminal harvest areas within the SEDM will be managed from July 22 through July 31 as specified under the South Peninsula Post-June Management Plan 5AAC 09.366(g).

HARVEST SCENARIOS

The 2008 Chignik early-and late-run forecasted harvest estimates are 720,000 and 401,000 sockeye salmon respectively (Appendix B). Because the harvestable surplus in the CMA is expected to exceed 600,000 sockeye salmon through July 25, the SEDM fishery could begin when the department determines that the runs are as strong as expected (5 AAC 09.360).

If the Chignik early run is determined to be as strong as predicted, ADF&G will manage the June 1 through July 25 portion of the SEDM fishery so that the sockeye salmon harvest (excluding the post June 30 NWSS sockeye harvest) will approach, as near as possible, 7.6% of the total Chignik Area sockeye salmon harvest through July 25.

If the Chignik early run is weak, the SEDM fishery (excluding Orzinski Bay after June 30) will be curtailed to allow a minimum harvest in the CMA of 300,000 sockeye salmon through July 8.

From June 26 through July 8, the strength of the Chignik sockeye salmon late-run cannot be accurately evaluated due to the mixing of early and late-run stocks. During this transition period, the department may close or restrict commercial salmon fishing in the SEDM until the strength

of the late run has been determined. Beginning July 1, fishing time in the NWSS will be based on local stocks.

After July 8, the SEDM fishery, excluding the NWSS, will be managed based on the strength of the Chignik late run and the catch of Chignik bound sockeye salmon through July 25. If the late-run interim escapement objectives are being met and the total CMA harvest is at least 300,000 sockeye salmon by July 8, the SEDM may open to commercial salmon fishing. ADF&G will manage the fishery so that the number of sockeye salmon harvested in the CMA from both runs combined will be at least 600,000 fish and the harvest in the SEDM will approach, as near as possible, 7.6% of the total CMA sockeye salmon harvest through July 25.

CHIGNIK RIVER SOCKEYE SALMON FORECAST AND SEDM ALLOCATION

The June 1 to July 25 SEDM sockeye salmon commercial harvest can be estimated based on:

- 1) the forecasted runs of Chignik bound sockeye salmon (Appendix B),
- 2) the percent of the Chignik runs normally harvested during this time period, and
- 3) the regulatory allocation to the SEDM fishery.

The 2008 allocated SEDM harvest (excluding the NWSS harvest beginning July 1) is projected to be approximately 76,564 sockeye salmon through July 25, which is below the 1997-2006 average harvest of 82,341 Chignik-bound sockeye salmon (Table 1; Nelson et al. 2008).

HARVEST GOALS

The management objective for the 2008 SEDM fishery is to achieve the 7.6% allocation level through July 25 provided conditions of the management plan have been satisfied. An interim management objective of 7.6% of the total Chignik-bound sockeye salmon harvest as of MIDNIGHT July 10 is desired to give set gillnet permit holders opportunity to harvest their traditional proportion before the fishery opens to purse seine gear beginning July 11. To meet the interim and final objectives, the percentage may fluctuate above or below 7.6% prior to July 11 and July 25.

Because of fishing time restrictions placed upon the SEDM fishery to protect the Chignik runs, it may not be possible to achieve a 7.6% allocation level, even if escapement goals are met and the minimum catch level of 600,000 sockeye salmon at Chignik is exceeded.

LOCAL STOCKS

For the purposes of this plan, local runs are those that include: (Figure 2):

- (1) in the NWSS (beginning July 1) described in 5 AAC 09.200(f)(5) and,
- (2) in the Stepovak Flats Section as described in 5 AAC 09.200(f)(6).

After July 25, the entire SEDM will be managed on the basis of local stocks.

Northwest Stepovak Section

Beginning July 1, all sockeye salmon caught in the NWSS are considered to be 100% Orzinski Lake bound.

A weir was used to count salmon escapements into Orzinski Lake between 1935 and 1941, and again from 1990 through the present (Poetter et al. *In prep*). Based on aerial surveys and weir

counts, ADF&G has developed interim sockeye salmon escapement objectives for Orzinski Lake by time periods (Figure 5). The Orzinski Lake sockeye salmon escapement goal range for the entire season is 15,000-20,000 adult salmon (Honnold et al. 2007). In 2007, the total estimated sockeye salmon escapement was 10,643 fish. ADF&G intends to operate a weir on the Orzinski Lake system again in 2008.

Sockeye salmon usually begin entering Orzinski Lake in late June and traditionally 50% of the annual escapement has been achieved by the second week of July. Generally, the Orzinski Lake sockeye salmon escapement is achieved by the first week of August. However, in 2003 and 2004, there were large buildups of sockeye salmon in Orzinski Bay in late June. This led to relatively large escapements in early July and contributed to total season escapements over three times the upper goal of 20,000 fish (Poetter et al. *In prep*). To better control escapement into Orzinski Lake, the department will monitor Orzinski Bay for a marine build up of sockeye salmon in late June. If a large buildup of salmon is present, the department may consider opening part of Orzinski Bay as early as July 1 to both seine and set gillnet gear.

If the interim sockeye salmon escapement objectives into Orzinski Lake are not being met, the NWSS may be closed until escapement falls within the appropriate escapement objective range or until management of the area shifts to a directed fishery for local pink salmon stocks in early August.

Stepovak Flats Section

Prior to July 26, the Stepovak Flats Section is open to commercial salmon fishing concurrently with the rest of the SEDM. Eighty percent of the sockeye salmon harvested in the Stepovak Flats section are assigned to the 7.6% allocation criteria stated in the current SEDM salmon management plan. Post July 25, commercial salmon fishing is managed based on run strength of pink and chum salmon returning to Stepovak Flats streams. The entire section is closed from July 29 through September 31 to protect schooling chum salmon.

AIRCRAFT

As specified in 5 AAC 09.378, a person may not use or employ an aircraft one hour before, during, and one hour after a commercial salmon fishing period to locate salmon for the commercial taking or to direct commercial fishing operations in the Alaska Peninsula Area.

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TABLES AND FIGURES

Table 1.–Southeastern District Mainland commercial fishing effort and assignment of sockeye salmon harvests June 1-July 25, 1985-2007.

| Year | Effort | | | | Northwest Stepovak | | | SEDMD minus Northwest Stepovak | | SEDMD | | Total Catch |
|-------------------|-------------|----------|---------|----------|--------------------|---------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|---------|-------------|-------------|
| | Set gillnet | | Seine | | Total | "Local" | "Non-local" | "Local" | "Non-local" | "Local" | "Non-local" | |
| | Permits | Landings | Permits | Landings | | | | | | | | |
| 1985 ^a | 49 | 367 | 23 | 51 | 16,681 | 16,681 | 0 | 12,855 | 51,421 | 29,536 | 51,421 | 80,957 |
| 1986 | 42 | 616 | 18 | 29 | 59,025 | 59,025 | 0 | 29,501 | 118,006 | 88,526 | 118,006 | 206,532 |
| 1987 | 53 | 528 | 6 | 9 | 61,287 | 61,287 | 0 | 36,722 | 146,886 | 98,009 | 146,886 | 244,895 |
| 1988 | 41 | 300 | 16 | 45 | 57,010 | 57,010 | 0 | 4,830 | 19,320 | 61,840 | 19,320 | 81,160 |
| 1989 | 42 | 248 | 25 | 54 | 83,618 | 83,618 | 0 | 1,121 | 4,485 | 84,739 | 4,485 | 89,224 |
| 1990 | 46 | 277 | 69 | 131 | 3,279 | 3,279 | 0 | 32,609 | 128,599 | 35,888 | 128,599 | 164,487 |
| 1991 | 59 | 747 | 39 | 71 | 98,834 | 98,834 | 0 | 38,179 | 152,714 | 137,013 | 152,714 | 289,727 |
| 1992 ^b | 59 | 650 | 6 | 14 | 113,430 | 101,198 | 12,232 | 20,403 | 81,613 | 121,599 | 93,845 | 215,444 |
| 1993 | 64 | 763 | 53 | 82 | 73,747 | 54,955 | 18,792 | 27,436 | 109,744 | 82,391 | 128,536 | 210,927 |
| 1994 | 56 | 678 | 0 | 0 | 89,522 | 52,880 | 36,642 | 26,427 | 105,708 | 79,307 | 142,350 | 221,657 |
| 1995 | 58 | 718 | 26 | 30 | 62,598 | 51,723 | 10,875 | 19,357 | 77,426 | 71,079 | 88,301 | 159,380 |
| 1996 ^c | 64 | 1,164 | 25 | 46 | 137,925 | 127,645 | 10,280 | 29,230 | 116,921 | 156,875 | 127,201 | 284,076 |
| 1997 | 57 | 1,173 | 12 | 23 | 304,865 | 304,865 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 304,865 | 0 | 304,865 |
| 1998 | 45 | 340 | 18 | 23 | 33,515 | 33,515 | 0 | 16,723 | 66,893 | 50,238 | 66,893 | 117,131 |
| 1999 | 63 | 649 | 27 | 30 | 32,884 | 6,577 | 26,307 | 36,828 | 147,313 | 43,405 | 173,620 | 217,025 |
| 2000 | 64 | 1,163 | 26 | 31 | 89,857 | 76,500 | 13,357 | 22,516 | 90,062 | 99,016 | 103,419 | 202,435 |
| 2001 | 51 | 551 | 16 | 20 | 42,681 | 42,681 | 0 | 12,785 | 51,141 | 55,466 | 51,141 | 106,607 |
| 2002 | 53 | 1,001 | 12 | 25 | 85,086 | 76,767 | 8,319 | 13,677 | 54,706 | 90,443 | 63,026 | 153,469 |
| 2003 | 48 | 1,035 | 11 | 20 | 142,410 | 136,391 | 6,019 | 16,006 | 64,025 | 152,397 | 70,044 | 222,441 |
| 2004 | 42 | 763 | 2 | 10 | 150,399 | 143,161 | 7,238 | 12,029 | 48,117 | 155,190 | 55,355 | 210,545 |
| 2005 | 43 | 474 | 21 | 30 | 58,243 | 29,865 | 28,378 | 37,382 | 149,528 | 67,247 | 177,906 | 245,153 |
| 2006 | 24 | 102 | 13 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15,503 | 62,010 | 15,503 | 62,010 | 77,513 |
| 2007 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Average: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1985-1991 | 47 | 440 | 28 | 56 | 54,248 | 54,248 | 0 | 22,260 | 88,776 | 76,507 | 88,776 | 165,283 |
| 1992-1995 | 59 | 702 | 21 | 32 | 84,824 | 65,189 | 19,635 | 23,406 | 93,623 | 88,594 | 113,258 | 201,852 |
| 1996-1997 | 61 | 1,169 | 19 | 35 | 221,395 | 216,255 | 5,140 | 14,615 | 58,461 | 230,870 | 63,601 | 294,471 |
| 1997-2006 | 49 | 725 | 16 | 23 | 93,994 | 85,032 | 8,962 | 18,345 | 73,380 | 103,377 | 82,341 | 185,718 |

^a From 1985 through 1991, the Chignik contribution was 80% of the sockeye salmon harvested in Beaver Bay, Balboa Bay, Southwest Stepovak, Stepovak Flats, and East Stepovak sections.

^b From 1992 through 1995, the Chignik contribution was 80% of the sockeye salmon harvested in the Southeastern District Mainland fishery, except Orzinski Bay where 100% of the sockeye salmon are considered local production.

^c Since 1996, the Chignik contribution is 80% of the sockeye harvested in Southeastern District Mainland fishery, except in the Northwest Stepovak Section where beginning July 1, 100% of the sockeye salmon are considered local.

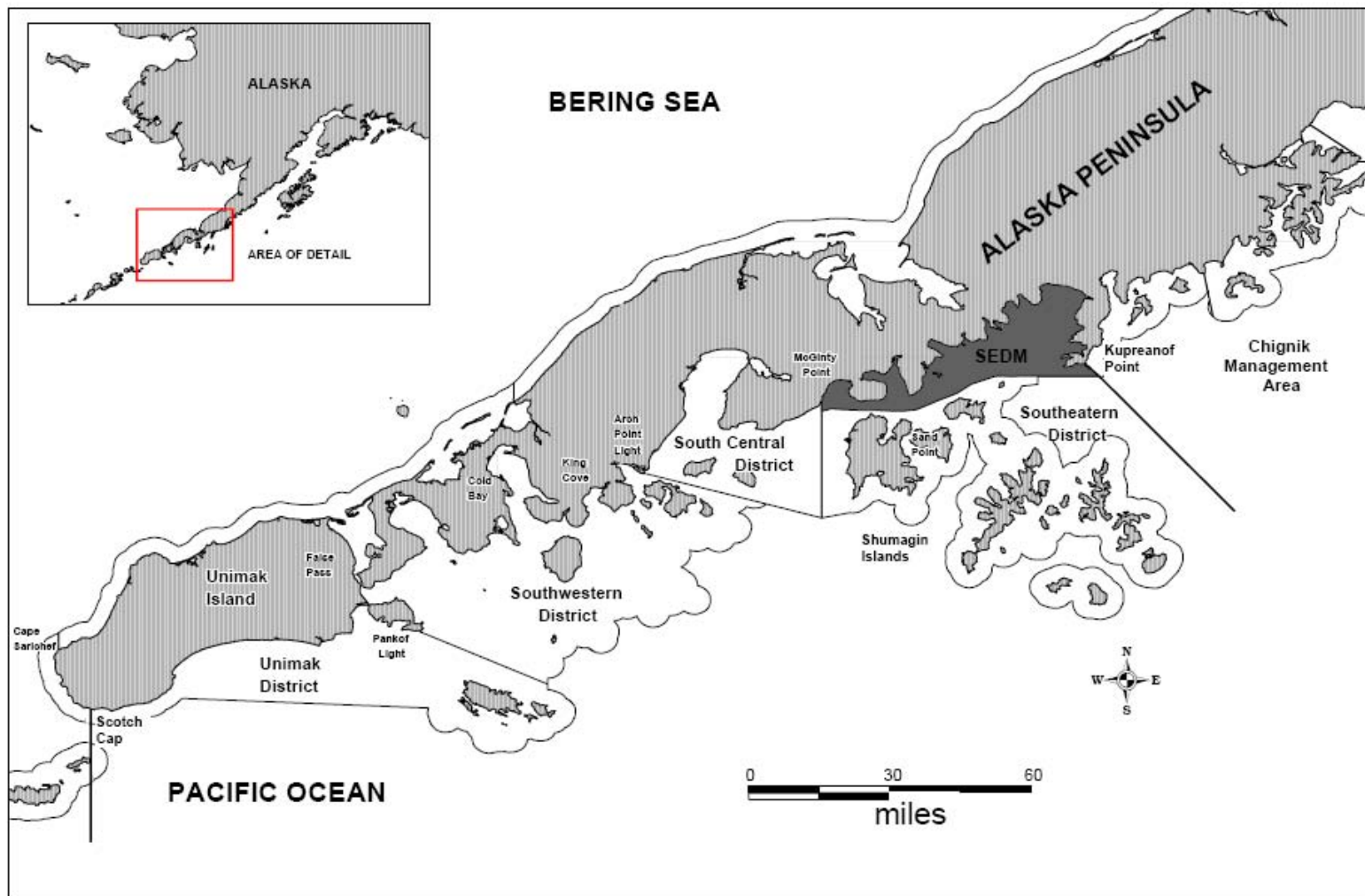


Figure 1.—Map of the Alaska Peninsula Management Area (Area M) with the Southeastern District Mainland (SEDM) defined.

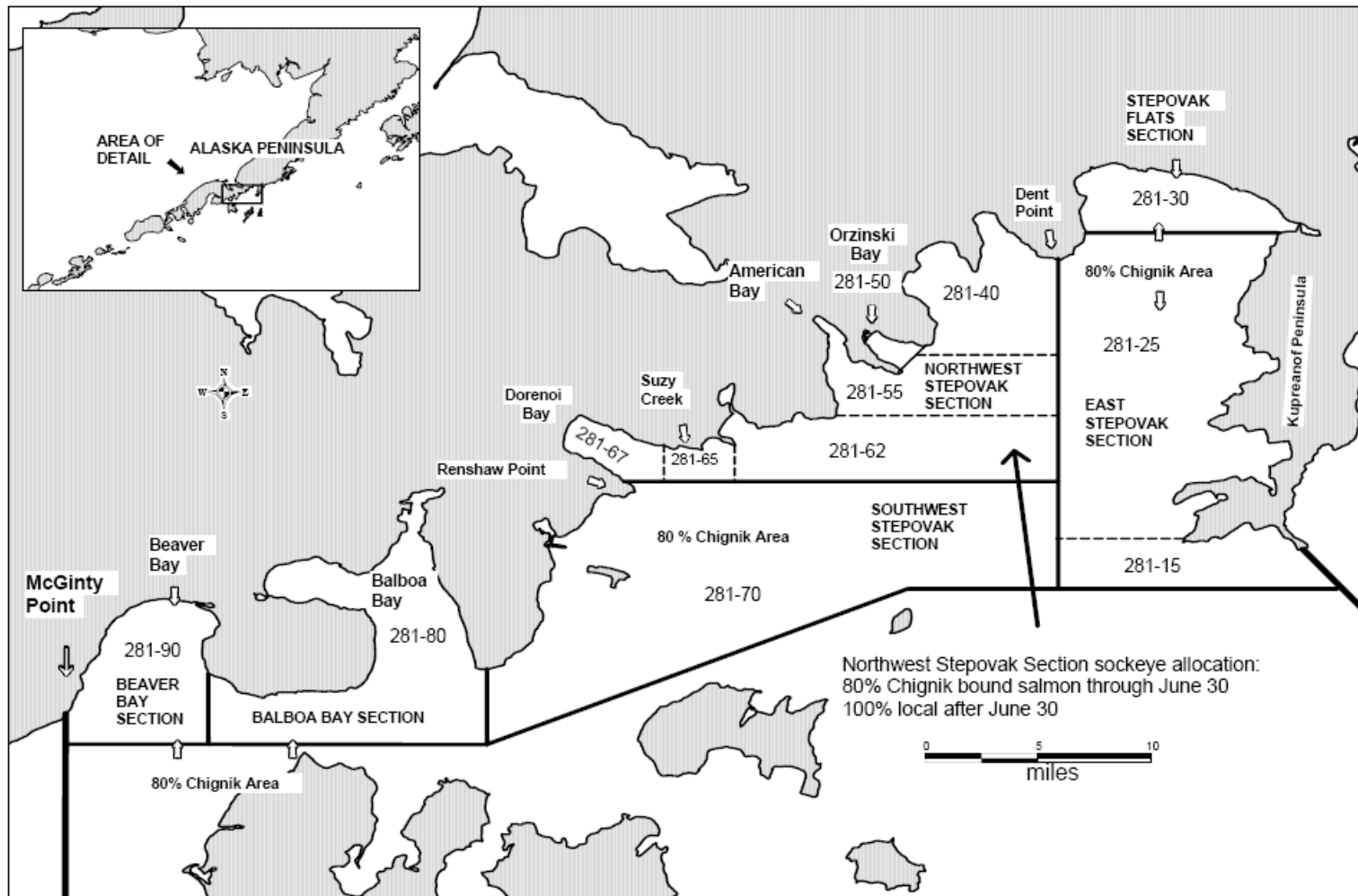


Figure 2.—Map of the Southeastern District Mainland from Kupreanof Point to McGinty Point with the salmon fishery sections defined.

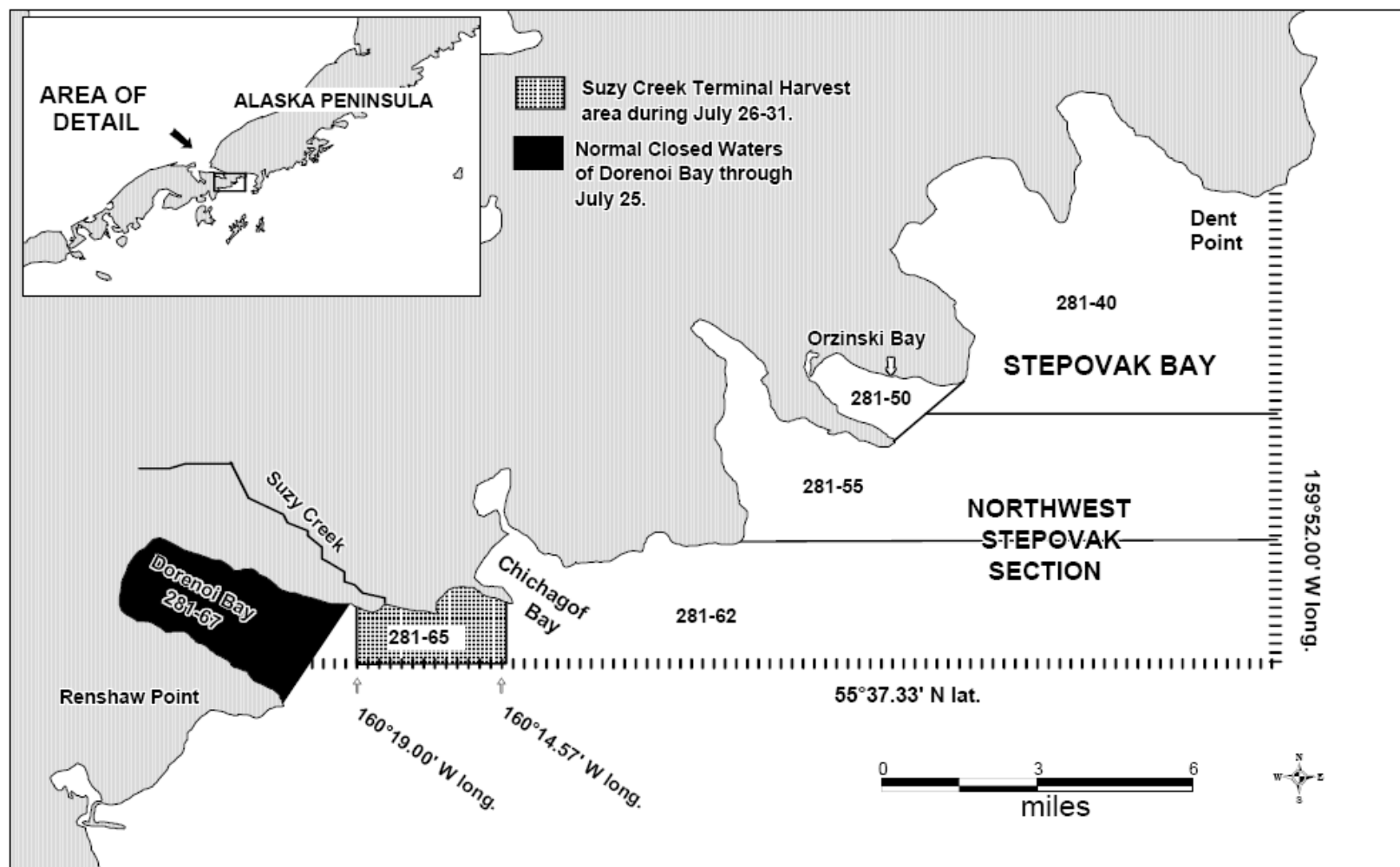


Figure 3.—Map of the Northwest Stepovak Section, with Dorenoi Bay closed waters through July 25, and Suzy Creek Post-June terminal harvest area highlighted.

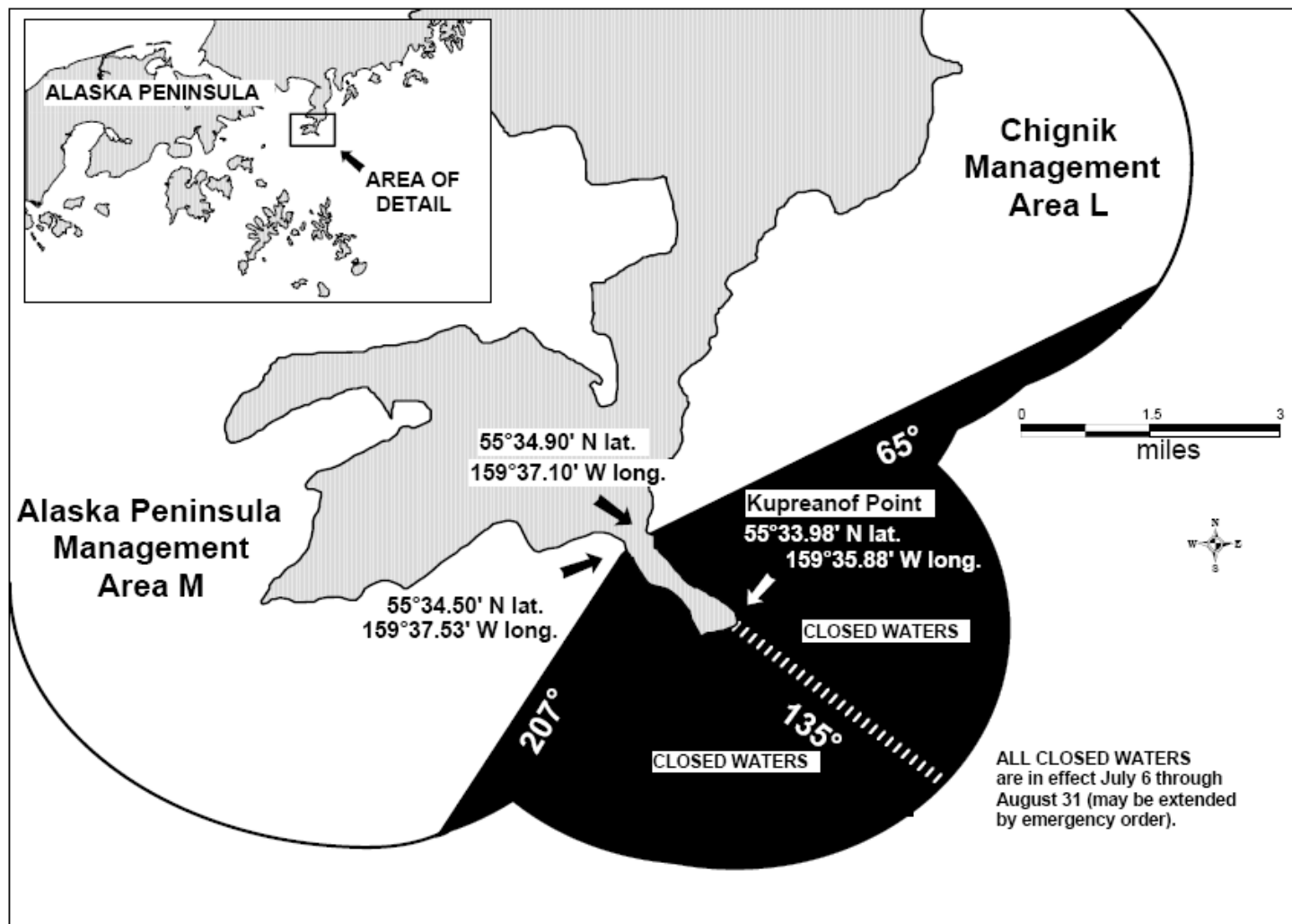


Figure 4.—Map of the Kupreanof Point area with closed waters defined.

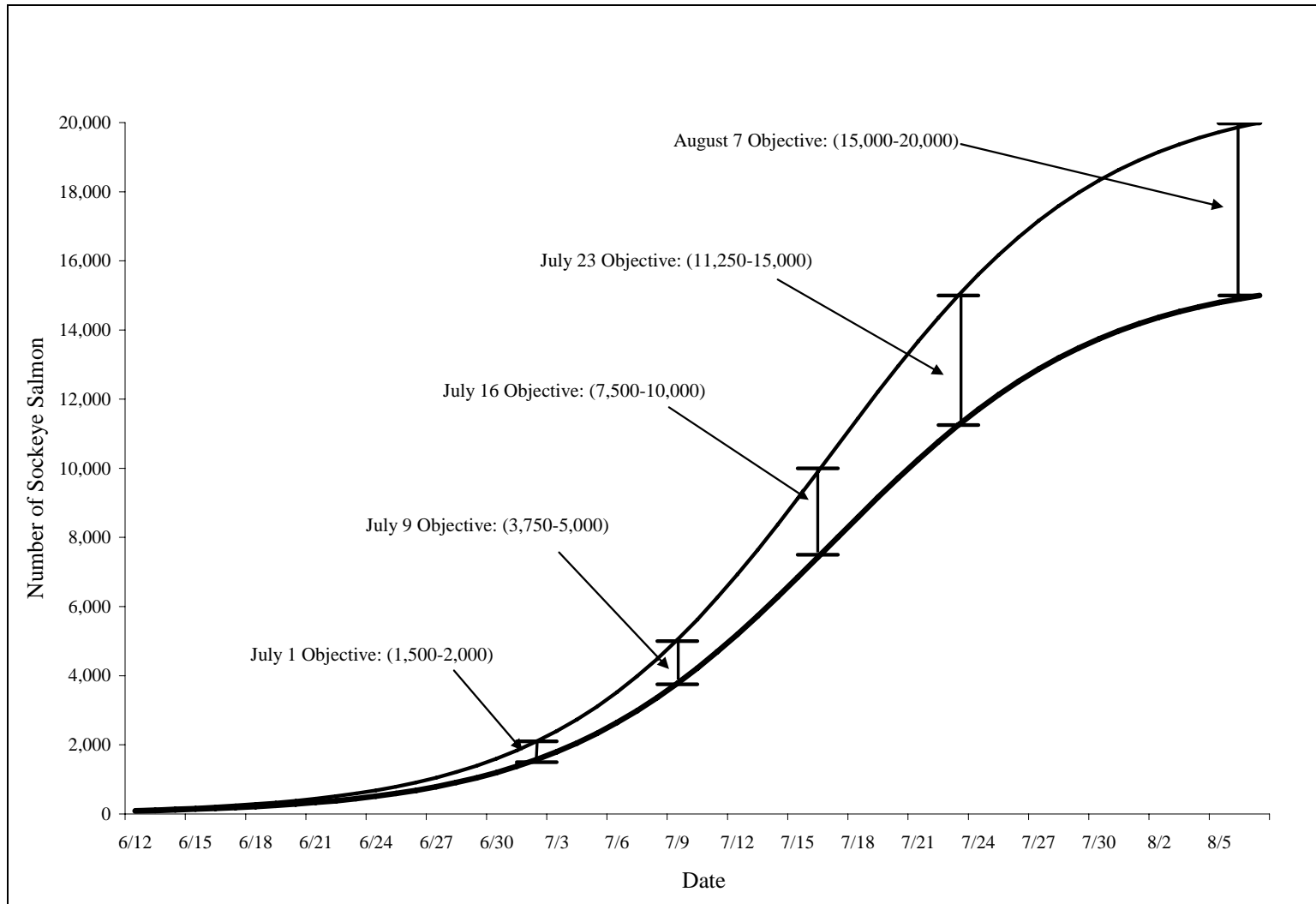


Figure 5.—Graph of the Orzinski Lake interim sockeye salmon escapement goals by date.

APPENDIX A: SOUTHEASTERN DISTRICT MAINLAND SALMON MANAGEMENT PLAN

5 AAC 09.360. SOUTHEASTERN DISTRICT MAINLAND SALMON MANAGEMENT PLAN.

(a) This plan pertains to the management of the interception of Chignik River sockeye salmon caught in the Southeastern District Mainland fishery: East Stepovak, Stepovak Flats, Northwest Stepovak, Southwest Stepovak, Balboa Bay, and Beaver Bay Sections. Before July 11, only set gillnet gear may be used in these sections except as specified in 5 AAC 09.330 (f)(3). For the purpose of this plan, local runs include only those salmon in the waters

(1) beginning July 1, in the Northwest Stepovak Section described in 5 AAC 09.200(f);

(2) in the Stepovak Flats Section described in 5 AAC 09.200(f).

(b) In years when a harvestable surplus for the first (Black Lake) and second (Chignik Lake) runs of Chignik River system sockeye salmon is expected to be less than 600,000, a commercial salmon fishery is not allowed in the East Stepovak, Southwest Stepovak, Balboa Bay, and Beaver Bay Sections, and in the Northwest Stepovak Section, excluding Orzinski Bay north of a line from Elephant Point at 55° 41.92' N. lat., 160° 03.20' W. long. to Waterfall Point at 55° 43.18' N. lat., 160° 01.13' W. long., until a harvest of 300,000 sockeye salmon is achieved in the Chignik Area described in 5 AAC 15.100. After July 8, if at least 300,000 sockeye salmon have been harvested in the Chignik Area, and if escapement goals are being met, the department shall manage the fishery so that the number of sockeye salmon harvested in the Chignik Area will be at least 600,000 and the number of sockeye salmon, destined to the Chignik River, harvested in the East Stepovak, Stepovak Flats, Southwest Stepovak, Balboa Bay, and Beaver Bay Sections, and before July 1, in the Northwest Stepovak Section, approaches as near as possible 7.6 percent of the sockeye salmon harvest in the Chignik Management Area.

(c) In years when a harvestable surplus beyond escapement goals for the first and second runs of Chignik River system sockeye salmon is expected to be more than 600,000 but the first run fails to develop as predicted and it is determined that a total sockeye salmon harvest in the Chignik Area of 600,000 or more might not be achieved, the commercial salmon fishery in the East Stepovak, Stepovak Flats, Southwest Stepovak, Balboa Bay, and Beaver Bay Sections, and in the Northwest Stepovak Section, excluding Orzinski Bay north of a line from Elephant Point at 55° 41.92' N. lat., 160° 03.20' W. long. to Waterfall Point at 55° 43.18' N. lat., 160° 01.13' W. long., shall be curtailed in order to allow a harvest in the Chignik Area of at least 300,000 sockeye salmon through July 8 if that number of fish are determined to be surplus to the escapement goals of the Chignik River system. After July 8, if at least 300,000 sockeye salmon have been harvested in the Chignik Area, and if escapement goals are being met, the department shall manage the fishery so that the number of sockeye salmon harvested in the Chignik Area is at least 600,000 and the number of sockeye salmon, destined to the Chignik River, harvested in the East Stepovak, Stepovak Flats, Southwest Stepovak, Balboa Bay, and Beaver Bay Sections, and before July 1, in the Northwest Stepovak Section, approaches as near as possible 7.6 percent of the sockeye salmon harvest in the Chignik Management Area.

(d) In years when a harvestable surplus beyond the escapement goals for the first and second runs of Chignik River system sockeye salmon is expected to be more than 600,000 and the department determines that the runs are as strong as expected, the department shall manage the fishery so that the number of sockeye salmon, destined to the Chignik River, taken in the East Stepovak, Stepovak Flats, Southwest Stepovak, Balboa Bay, and Beaver Bay Sections, and before July 1, in the Northwest Stepovak Section, approaches as near as possible 7.6 percent of the sockeye salmon harvest in the Chignik Management Area.

(e) Beginning July 1, in the Northwest Stepovak Section,

(1) the fishing schedule in the Northwest Stepovak Section, excluding Orzinski Bay north of a line from Elephant Point at 55° 41.92' N. lat., 160° 03.20' W. long. to Waterfall Point at 55° 43.18' N. lat., 160° 01.13' W. long. may not be more than four 24-hour periods with no more than 48-hours continuous fishing during a seven-day period.

(2) However, when the escapement through Orzinski weir exceeds 25,000 sockeye salmon, the commissioner may open the Northwest Stepovak Section, including Orzinski Bay concurrently; fishing periods will be as follows:

(A) set gillnet gear will operate continuously through 12:00 p.m. midnight July 25;

(B) purse seine and hand purse seine gear will operate as specified in (1) of this sub-section.

(f) The estimate of sockeye salmon destined for the Chignik River has been determined to be 80 percent of the sockeye salmon harvested in the East Stepovak, Stepovak Flats, Southwest Stepovak, Balboa Bay, and Beaver Bay Sections, and before July 1 in the Northwest Stepovak Section. Beginning July 1, all sockeye salmon taken in the Northwest Stepovak Section are considered to be destined for Orzinski Bay.

(g) The percentage of sockeye salmon, destined to the Chignik River, harvested in the Southeastern District Mainland fishery may be permitted to fluctuate above or below 7.6 percent of the sockeye salmon harvest in the Chignik Management Area at any time before July 25.

(h) The allocation method described in (a) - (g) of this section is in effect through July 25. The commissioner may not open the first fishing period of the commercial salmon fishing season in the East Stepovak, Southwest Stepovak, Balboa Bay, and Beaver Bay Sections, and before July 1 in the Northwest Stepovak Section, before the first fishing period of the commercial salmon fishing season in the Chignik Area. After July 25, the commissioner may open, by emergency order, commercial salmon fishing in the entire Southeastern District Mainland area for local stocks.

(i) During the period from approximately June 26 through July 8, the strength of the second run of the Chignik River system sockeye salmon cannot be evaluated. In order to prevent overharvest of the second run, the department may disallow or severely restrict commercial salmon fishing in the East Stepovak, Stepovak Flats, Southwest Stepovak, Balboa Bay, and Beaver Bay Sections during this period, and from June 26 through June 30 in the Northwest Stepovak Section.

(j) The commissioner shall open all commercial fishing periods by emergency order. Before commencement of the first commercial salmon fishing period of the season, the department shall give at least 24 hours' notice. For subsequent fishing periods, the department shall give at least 12 hours' notice. If an existing fishing period is extended, the department shall give notice of the extension as soon as possible before the end of the existing fishing period.

(k) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, from July 1 through July 10, if the department determines that the Orzinski Lake sockeye salmon escapement objectives have been exceeded, in addition to set gillnet gear, the commissioner may open, by emergency order, the waters of Orzinski Bay west of 160° 04.25' W. long. to fishing with purse seine and hand purse seine gear.

(l) It is the intention of the board that the department manages the fishery for local pink, chum, and coho salmon stocks from July 26 through September 30.

(m) During the period of July 26 through September 30, there shall be at least one 36 hour closed period within a seven day period.

(n) Terminal harvest areas within the Southeastern District Mainland will be managed from July 22 through July 31 as specified under 5AAC 09.366(g).

**APPENDIX B: 2008 CHIGNIK MANAGEMENT AREA SOCKEYE
SALMON FORECAST**

Appendix B1.—Chignik Management Area sockeye salmon forecast, 2008.

| Preliminary Forecast of the 2008 Run | | Forecast Estimate (thousands) | Forecast Range (thousands) |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Total Production: | | | |
| Early Run (Black Lake) | Total Run Estimate | 1,070 | 472–1,670 |
| | Escapement Goal | 350 | 350–400 |
| | Harvest Estimate ^a | 720 | |
| Late Run (Chignik Lake) | Total Run Estimate | 651 | 143–1,160 |
| | Escapement Objective ^b | 250 | 250–300 |
| | Harvest Estimate ^a | 401 | |
| Total Chignik System | Total Run Estimate | 1,720 | 615–2,710 |
| | Escapement Objective ^b | 600 | 600–700 |
| | Harvest Estimate ^a | 1,120 | |

^a These figures include harvests of Chignik-bound sockeye salmon from the Southeastern District Mainland and the Cape Igvak fisheries; approximately 907,000 sockeye salmon are projected to be harvested in the Chignik Management Area.

^b The Chignik Lake late-run escapement goal is 200,000 to 250,000 sockeye salmon, resulting in an escapement goal for the entire run of 550,000 to 650,000. However, managers try to achieve an additional escapement objective of 50,000 sockeye salmon in August and September.

Forecast Methods

The forecasts for the 2008 early and late Chignik sockeye salmon runs were based on available data from 1977 to the present. Simple linear regressions were modeled using sibling and outmigration year relationships. Each regression model was assessed with standard regression diagnostic procedures. Regression models were only used in cases where the slope of the regression was significantly different from zero ($P < 0.25$). The variance of each estimate was calculated from the error structure of the regression. Prediction intervals were estimated at a coverage probability of 80 percent. Median estimators were used to estimate production of age classes where regression relationships were not significant.

The predicted 2008 early-run ocean-age-three (3-ocean; ages-0.3, -1.3, -2.3, and -3.3) sockeye salmon returns were estimated based on the abundance of prior 2-ocean sockeye salmon (ages-0.2, -1.2, -2.2, and -3.2; $P = 4.6 \times 10^{-6}$). Following non-significant regression results, the early-run 1-ocean (age-1.1 and -2.1 fish), 2-ocean (age-0.2, -1.2, -2.2, and -3.2 fish), and 4-ocean (age-0.4, -1.4 and -2.4 fish) age class components were predicted by calculating the median returns since 1981.

Ocean-age-class and temperature relationships were analyzed for the late-run forecast. The 2-ocean sockeye salmon were predicted from prior year's 1-ocean returns using simple linear regression, ($P = 5.1 \times 10^{-5}$). Returns of 3-ocean sockeye salmon were predicted from an index of

—continued—

average summer temperatures ($P = 0.03$). Temperature data were obtained from the Cold Bay Airport climate database. The temperature index was constructed using a five-year average of temperatures from June through August beginning in the year prior to the year of outmigration. The 4-ocean sockeye salmon were predicted from 3-ocean returns using simple linear regression ($P = 0.08$). The 1-ocean sockeye salmon were predicted by calculating the median return.

Estimates of variance were calculated from each regression. The variances associated with individual regression estimates by age class were used to calculate 80 percent prediction intervals for those estimates. Prediction intervals for median estimates were calculated using the 10th and 90th percentiles of the returns. For each run (early and late), the overall 80 percent prediction intervals were calculated as the square root of the sum of the squared 80 percent prediction intervals for each forecasted age class.

Regression analyses were examined for serial autocorrelation AR(1). When detected, an estimate of the bias from the serial autocorrelation was calculated from the regression residuals and applied to the original point estimate. Prediction intervals were re-estimated utilizing the standard error from a regression of the residuals.

The early- and late-run regression and median estimates were summed to estimate the total Chignik watershed sockeye salmon run for 2008. The combined early- and late-run 80 percent prediction interval was calculated by summing the lower prediction bounds and upper prediction bounds of the two runs.

Forecast Discussion

The 2008 sockeye salmon run to the Chignik River is expected to be approximately 1.72 million fish. The early run is expected to be approximately 1.07 million fish. The late run is expected to be approximately 651 thousand fish. The 2008 Chignik sockeye salmon run is expected to be approximately 588 thousand fish less than the recent 10-year average run (2.31 million) and 179 thousand fish more than the 2007 run (1.54 million).

The projected harvest estimate for the early run of 720 thousand fish is based on achievement of the lower end of the early-run escapement goal range of 350 thousand fish. The projected harvest estimate for the late run of 401 thousand fish is based on achievement of the lower end of the late-run management objective range through September 15 (250 thousand sockeye salmon). Harvest estimates for the both runs include Chignik-bound sockeye salmon harvested in the Cape Igvak Section of the Kodiak Management Area and the Southeastern District Mainland of the Alaska Peninsula Management Area.

Available smolt data were analyzed and a significant simple linear regression relationship ($P = 0.009$) was found using the number of outmigrating age-2. smolt to predict the subsequent 3-ocean adult returns (about 84 percent of the run). This estimate was then expanded proportionally to account for other ocean ages (1-, 2-, and 4-ocean fish). The smolt-based forecast of the 2008 Chignik total sockeye salmon run is 1.52 million sockeye salmon, which is less (205 thousand) than that predicted from ocean-age relationships and median estimates (1.72 million).

The smolt forecast approximates the median and ocean-age-class forecasts. Given this ancillary information, our confidence in this forecast is fair.

Heather Finkle, Finfish Research Biologist, Alaska Peninsula